Am ndm nt to the Claims

(Previously Presented) A method for reducing the amount of ammonia
 compounds affixed to fly ash, the method comprising:

introducing an amount of fly ash into a heating chamber, at least a portion of the amount of fly ash comprising particulates having ammonia compounds affixed to the particulates;

exposing the amount of fly ash to flowing air having a temperature of at least 1,500°F;

transferring heat from gases exiting the heating chamber to preheat a second amount of fly ash, at least a portion of the second amount of fly ash comprising particulates having ammonia compounds affixed to the particulates;

introducing the second amount of fly ash into the heating chamber; and exposing the second amount of fly ash to flowing air having a temperature of at least 1,500°F.

- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein:
 the <u>amount of fly</u> ash is maintained in the flowing air until the <u>amount of fly</u> ash
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
 measuring an in process ash temperature of the <u>amount of fly</u> ash when the
 amount of fly ash is exposed to the flowing air; and

reaches a temperature of at least 900°F.

removing at least a portion of the <u>amount of</u> fly ash b ing exposed to the flowing air when the measured in process ash temperature reaches at least 900°F.

- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising: preheating the <u>amount of fly</u> ash to a temperature of at least 300°F before exposing the <u>amount of fly</u> ash to the flowing air.
 - 5. (Cancelled)
 - 6. (Cancelled)
 - (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein:
 the second amount of fly ash is preheated to a temperature of at least 300°F.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising: removing particulate material from the flowing air after heat has been recovered from the flowing air.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8 further comprising:
 maintaining the flowing air above 400°F when particulate material is removed
 from the flowing air.
 - 10. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising:

recovering heat from the particulate material after the particulat mat rial has been removed from the flowing air.

- 11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 10 further comprising: using the heat recovered from the particulate material to preheat the second amount of fly ash.
 - 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11 wherein: the second amount of fly ash is preheated to a temperature of at least 300°F.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising: recovering heat from the <u>amount of</u> fly ash after the <u>amount of</u> fly ash has been exposed to the flowing air.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13 further comprising: using the heat recovered from the <u>amount of fly</u> ash to preheat the second amount of fly ash.
 - 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 14 wherein: the second amount of fly ash is preheated to a temperature of at least 300°F.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of exposing the <u>amount of fly</u> ash to flowing air comprises:

providing a metal media having op nings;
passing flowing air through the openings; and
depositing the amount of fly ash on the metal media.

- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein: the openings are 10 microns or less.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16 wherein: the flowing air is passed through the openings at greater than 0 to about 10 cubic feet per minute.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

 measuring an in process ash temperature of the <u>amount of</u> fly ash when the

 <u>amount of</u> fly ash is exposed to the flowing air; and

 controlling a flow rate of the flowing air in response to the measured in process

ash temperature.

Claims 20-41. (Cancelled)